

Eliminating wordiness

Sentences are usually stronger and easier to understand when wordiness is eliminated. Try to identify which words add meaning to your writing and which just take up space. In the following, words in bold can be deleted without changing the meaning of the sentence.

Waffle words

Weak or waffle words don't provide content and disrupt the flow of the sentence:

Generally speaking, writers can **basically** rely **in the main** on **certain** fundamental techniques to structure their text.

Repeated meanings

Think about whether you are saying the same thing twice. Repeated meanings are an unnecessary form of wordiness. Paired words can also be a hazard:

The **end** result was shorter **in length** than we had hoped, but we plan to increase the text **in the future**. Our writing methods **and techniques** enabled us to achieve our aims **and objectives**.

Non-essential information

Avoid superfluous prepositional phrases when the information is obvious, implied or irrelevant:

My story **for the competition** reached the magazine **through the post** 1 day late, so **when she scored it** the judge deducted 10 points **from my assessment**.

Caginess

Lack of confidence in your argument can lead to wordiness (although qualifying can have its place in academic or report writing):

It is possible that this book is for the most part a potential bestseller.

Outside references

Try cutting references to other people's thinking or reactions; if necessary, convey the source through a specific citation:

Finally, it has been noted that reading, according to most measures, is usually thought of as essential to modern life; as we have seen, this means that good reading classes are vital in early education.



Phrases that can be replaced by single words

Keep an eye out for common wordy constructions in your writing and see if you can replace them with more concise words or phrases. Here are shorter substitutes for some common wordy phrases.

Wordy phrase	Shorter substitute
The reason for For the reason that Due to the fact that Owing to the fact that In light of the fact that Considering the fact that On the grounds that	because, since, why
Despite the fact that Regardless of the fact that	although, even though
In the event that If it should happen that Under circumstances in which	if
On the occasion of In a situation in which Under circumstances in which	when
As regards In reference to With regard to Concerning the matter of	about, regarding
It is crucial that It is necessary that There is a need/necessity for It is important that	must, should
Is able to Is in a position to Has the opportunity to Has the capacity for Has the ability to	can

Wordy phrase	Shorter substitute
It is possible that There is a chance that It could happen that The possibility exists for	may, might, can could
In order to	to
A number of	some, many
At the same time as By the time Simultaneously with	as, when
During the course of In the process of	during, while
In anticipation of Prior to	before
Subsequent to Following on from	after
Not different	similar
Not many	few
Not have	lack
Not include	omit
Not consider	ignore
Not the same	different
Not often	rarely
Not allow	prevent
Not admit	deny
Not accept	reject